



MAKHTESHIM
A G of A N
NORTH AMERICA

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity to humans, aquatic organisms, and avian species. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

THONEX® 3EC
EPA REG. NO. 66222-63
FOR AGRICULTURAL OR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY
EPA SLN NO. WA-030024

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM RATE OF APPLICATION
Alfalfa (grown for seed)	Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Lygus Bugs	1 1/3 quarts per acre

- Apply up to 1 1/3 quarts of Thionex 3EC in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre by air or in a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre by ground.
- Apply when insects first appear.

RESTRICTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Do not apply more than 1 lb. active ingredient (1 1/3 quarts of this product) per acre per season.
- For aerial application the use of a closed mixing / loading system is required.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per season.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Restricted-Entry Interval (REI) of 2 days.
- For ground boom applications, do not apply within 100 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- A 30 foot vegetative buffer strip must be maintained between all areas treated with this product and rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds
- For aerial applications, do not apply within 300 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- All alfalfa seed screenings shall be disposed of in such a way that they cannot be distributed or used for human consumption or feed. The seed conditioner shall keep records of screening disposal for three years from the date of disposal and shall furnish the records to the director immediately upon request. Conditioner disposal records shall consist of documentation of on-farm disposal, disposal at a controlled dumpsite, incinerator, composter or other equivalent disposal site and shall include the lot numbers, amount of material disposed of, the grower(s), and the date of disposal.
- No portion of the Alfalfa seed plant, including but not limited to green chop, hay, pellets, meal, whole seed, cracked seed, roots, bulbs, leaves and seed screenings may be used or distributed for food or feed purposes.
- Alfalfa seed shall bear a tag or container label which forbids use of the seed for human consumption or animal feed.
- Alfalfa seed may not be distributed for human consumption or animal feed.
- This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or broadleaf weeds. Do not apply the 1 1/3 qt./acre (1 lb. ai/acre) rate of this product to blooming seed Alfalfa; apply at that rate as a pre-bloom or post-bloom spray only. Application of 1 1/3 pints per acre (0.5 lb. ai/acre) to blooming seed Alfalfa must be timed to coincide with periods of minimum bee activity, between late evening and midnight.

- This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and toxic to birds and mammals. Thionex 3EC must not be used under this SLN label where impact on the threatened or endangered species is likely. You may refer to the WSDA Endangered Species Program web site at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/NatResources/EndangSpecies.htm> or contact the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife, National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) or US Fish & Wildlife Service for information regarding aquatic species listed as threatened or endangered. Consult the federal label for additional restrictions and precautions to protect aquatic organisms.

WSDA CONTAINER DISPOSAL GUIDANCE

- Pesticide containers must be properly cleaned prior to disposal. The best time to clean empty pesticide containers is during mixing and loading, because residue can be difficult to remove after it dries. Triple rinse (or pressure rinse) the pesticide container, empty all pesticide rinse water into the spray tank, and apply to a labeled crop or site. Recycling cleaned containers is the best method of container disposal. Information regarding the recycling of empty and cleaned plastic pesticide containers in Washington is available on the WSDA Waste Pesticide Program web site at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Pesticides/WastePesticide.htm>. Cleaned containers may also be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, if permitted by the county. Burning is not a legal method of container disposal in Washington.

This label for Thionex 3EC expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2013.

Revised: 2-14-08

24(c) Registrant:

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