

24c Registrant:



Bayer CropScience LP
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1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)
<http://www.bayercropscienceus.com>

LSP Flowable Fungicide

For Treatment Of Chickpea Seed

EPA Reg. No. 264-948

EPA SLN. No. WA-060004

24(c) Supplemental Label

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label.

CROP	DISEASE	DOSAGE
Chickpea Seed	To aid in control of seedborne <i>Ascochyta</i> Blight (<i>Ascochyta rabiei</i>)	3.3 fl. oz. / cwt

For ready-mix or slurry seed treaters, mix 3.3 fl. oz. of LSP Flowable Fungicide in an equal amount of water (1:1) to provide adequate coverage and apply to 100 lbs. of seed. Keep dispersion under constant agitation. It is essential that thorough coverage of the seed be obtained. For best results against *Ascochyta* Blight, plant chickpea seed treated with LSP Flowable Fungicide as late in the spring as possible.

Use with an EPA-approved dye that imparts an unnatural color to the seed.

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste material.

NOTE: SEED TREATMENT WITH LSP FLOWABLE FUNGICIDE WILL NOT PROVIDE POST-EMERGENT PROTECTION OF PLANTS GROWN IN OR NEAR INFECTED FIELDS.

SEED LABELING: Treated seed must be labeled in accordance with the U.S. Seed Act as follows:
"This seed treated with Thiabendazole at the manufacturer's recommended rate. Do not use for food, feed, or oil purposes."

This pesticide is toxic to fish. LSP Flowable Fungicide should not be used under this SLN label where impact on listed threatened or endangered species is likely. You may refer to the WSDA Endangered Species Program web site at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/EnvResources/EndangSpecies.htm>, or contact the Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife, National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) or US Fish & Wildlife Service for information regarding aquatic species listed as threatened or endangered. Consult the federal label for additional restrictions and precautions to protect aquatic organisms.

WSDA Container Disposal Guidance: Pesticide containers must be properly cleaned prior to disposal. The best time to clean empty pesticide containers is during mixing and loading, because residue can be difficult to remove after it dries. Triple rinse (or pressure rinse) the pesticide container, empty all pesticide rinse water into the spray tank, and apply to a labeled crop or site. Recycling cleaned containers is the best method of container disposal. Information regarding the recycling of empty and cleaned plastic pesticide containers in Washington is available on the internet from WSU at <http://pep.wsu.edu/waste/wd.html> or from WSDA at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Pesticides/WastePesticide.htm>. Cleaned containers may also be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, if permitted by the county. Burning is not a legal method of container disposal in Washington.

This label for LSP Flowable Fungicide expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2011.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

or

Visit our worldwide web site at www.bayercropscienceus.com

As with any crop-protection product, always read and follow label directions.

For additional information call toll-free 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937).